



A Survey on Heart Disease & Diabetes Prediction using Machine Learning

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Abstract—

In recent times, Heart Disease prediction is one of the most complicated tasks in medical field. In the modern era, approximately one person dies per minute due to heart disease. Heart is one of the most important part of the body. It helps to purify and circulate blood to all parts of the body. Most number of deaths in the world are due to Heart Diseases. Some symptoms like chest pain, faster heartbeat, discomfort in breathing are recorded. This data is analysed on regular basis. In this review, an overview of the heart disease and its current procedures is firstly introduced. Furthermore, an in-depth analysis of the most relevant machine learning techniques available on the literature for heart disease prediction is briefly elaborated. The discussed machine learning algorithms are Decision Tree, SVM, ANN, Naive Bayes, Random Forest, KNN. The algorithms are compared on the basis of features.

Keywords— Machine Learning, Prediction, Classification Technique, Decision Tree, Accuracy.

I. INTRODUCTION

Heart disease is the kind of disease which can cause the death. Each year too many peoples are dying due to heart disease. Heart disease can be occurred due to the weakening of heart muscle. Also, the heart failure can be described as the failure of heart to pump the blood. Heart disease is also called as coronary artery disease (CAD). CAD can be occurred due to insufficient blood supply to arteries.

Heart disease can be detected using the symptoms like: high blood pressure, chest pain, hypertension, cardiac arrest, etc. There are many types of heart diseases with different types of symptoms. Like: 1) heart disease in blood vessels: chest pain, shortness of breath, pain in neck throat., 2) heart disease caused by abnormal heartbeats :slow heartbeat, discomfort, chest pain., etc. Most common symptoms are chest pain, shortness of breath, discomfort, chest pain., etc. Most common symptoms are chest pain, shortness of breath, fainting. Causes of heart disease are defects you're born with, high blood pressure, diabetes, smoking, drugs, alcohol. Sometimes in heart disease the infection also which affects the inner membrane which is identified by symptoms like fever, fatigue, dry cough, skin rashes. Causes of heart infection are bacteria, viruses, parasites. Types of heart disease: Cardiac arrest, Hypertension, Coronary artery disease, Heart failure, Heart infection, Congenital heart disease, Slow heartbeat, Stroke type heart disease, angina pectoris. Now a days there are too many automated techniques to detect the heart disease like data mining, machine learning, deep learning, etc.

patterns and thereby analyze the given data. After analysis of data ML techniques help in heart disease prediction and early diagnosis. In this we train the datasets using the machine learning repositories. There are some risk factors on the basis of that the heart disease is predicted. Risk factors are: Age, Sex, Blood pressure, Cholesterol level, Family history of coronary illness, Diabetes, Smoking, Alcohol, Being overweight, Heart rate, Chest Pain.

Machine Learning is a branch of AI research [2] and has become a very popular aspect of data science. The Machine Learning algorithms are designed to perform a large number of tasks such as prediction, classification, decision making etc.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

There is number of works has been done related to disease prediction systems using different machine learning algorithms in medical Centre's.

Senthil Kumar Mohan et al,[1] proposed Effective Heart Disease Prediction Using Hybrid Machine Learning Techniques in which strategy that objective is to finding critical includes by applying Machine Learning bringing about improving the exactness in the expectation of cardiovascular malady. The expectation model is created with various blends of highlights and a few known arrangement strategies. We produce an improved exhibition level with a precision level of 88.7% through the prediction model for heart disease with hybrid random forest with a linear model (HRFLM) they likewise educated about Diverse data mining approaches and expectation techniques, Such as, KNN, LR, SVM, NN, and Vote have been fairly famous of late to distinguish and predict heart disease.

Sonam Nikhar et al [2] has built up the paper titled as Prediction of Heart Disease Using Machine Learning Algorithms by This exploration plans to give a point by point portrayal of Naïve Bayes and decision tree classifier that are applied in our examination especially in the prediction of Heart Disease. Some analysis has been led to think about the execution of prescient data mining strategy on the equivalent dataset, and the result uncovers that Decision Tree beats over Bayesian classification system.

Aditi Gavhane, Gouthami Kokkula, Isha Pandya, Prof. Kailas Devadkar (PhD), [3] Prediction of Heart Disease Using Machine Learning”, In this paper proposed system they used the neural network algorithm multi-layer

ML plays a very important role to detect the hidden discrete



perceptron (MLP) to train and test the dataset. In this algorithm there will be multiple layers like one for input, second for output and one or more layers are hidden layers between these two input and output layers. Each node in input layer is connected to output nodes through these hidden layers. This connection is assigned with some weights. There is another identity input called bias which is with weight b , which added to node to balance the perceptron. The connection between the nodes can be feedforwarded or feedback based on the requirement.

Abhay Kishore et al,[4] developed Heart Attack Prediction Using Deep Learning in which This paper proposes a heart attack prediction system using Deep learning procedures, explicitly Recurrent Neural System to predict the probable prospects of heart related infections of the patient. Recurrent Neural Network is a very ground-breaking characterization calculation that utilizes Deep Learning approach in Artificial Neural Network. The paper talks about in detail the significant modules of the framework alongside the related hypothesis. The proposed model deep learning and data mining to give the precise outcomes least blunders. This paper gives a bearing and point of reference for the advancement of another type of heart attack prediction platform. Prediction stage.

Lakshmana Rao et al,[5] Machine Learning Techniques for Heart Disease Prediction in which the contributing elements for heart disease are more (circulatory strain, diabetes, current smoker, high cholesterol, etc..). So, it is difficult to distinguish heart disease. Different systems in data mining and neural systems have been utilized to discover the seriousness of heart disease among people. The idea of CHD ailment is bewildering, in addition, in this manner, the disease must be dealt with warily. Not doing early identification, may impact the heart or cause sudden passing. The perspective of therapeutic science furthermore, data burrowing is used for finding various sorts of metabolic machine learning a procedure that causes the framework to gain from past information tests, models without being expressly customized. Machine learning makes rationale dependent on chronicled information.

Mr. SanthanaKrishnan.J and Dr. Geetha.S, [6] Prediction of heart disease using machine learning algorithm This Paper predicts heart disease for Male Patient using Classification Techniques. The detailed information about Coronary Heart diseases such as its Facts, Common Types, and Risk Factors has been explained in this paper. The Data Mining tool used is WEKA (Waikato Environment for Knowledge Analysis), a good Data Mining Tool for Bioinformatics Fields. The all three available Interface in WEKA is used here; Naive Bayes, Artificial Neural Networks and Decision Tree are Main Data Mining Techniques and through this techniques heart disease is predicted in this System. The main Methodology used for prediction is Decision Trees like CART, C4.5, CHAID, J48, ID3 Algorithms, and Naive Bayes Techniques.

AvinashGolande et al,[7] proposed Heart Disease Prediction Using Effective Machine Learning Techniques in which Specialists utilize a few data mining strategies that are available to support the authorities or doctors distinguish the heart disease. Usually utilized methodology utilized are decision tree, k- closest and Naïve Bayes. Other unique characterization-based strategies utilized are packing calculation, Part thickness, consecutive negligible streamlining and neural systems, straight Kernel self-arranging guide and SVM (Bolster Vector Machine). The following area obviously gives subtleties of systems that were utilized in the examination.

V.V. Ramalingam et Al,[8] proposed Heart disease prediction using machine learning techniques in which Machine Learning algorithms and techniques have been applied to various medical datasets to automate the analysis of large and complex data. Many researchers, in recent times, have been using several machine learning techniques to help the health care industry and the professionals in the diagnosis of heart related diseases. This paper presents a survey of various models based on such algorithms and techniques and analyse their performance. Models based on supervised learning algorithms such as Support Vector Machines (SVM), K-Nearest Neighbour (KNN), Naïve Bayes, Decision Trees (DT), Random Forest (RF) and ensemble models are found very popular among the researchers and systems have been applied to different clinical datasets to robotize the investigation of huge and complex information. Numerous scientists, as of late, have been utilizing a few Machine Learning algorithms and techniques have been applied to various medical datasets to automate the analysis of large and complex data. Many researchers, in recent times, have been using several machine learning techniques to help the health care industry and the professionals in the diagnosis of heart related diseases.

This paper presents a survey of various models based on such algorithms and techniques and analyze their performance. Models based on supervised learning algorithms such as Support Vector Machines (SVM), K-Nearest Neighbour (KNN), Naïve Bayes, Decision Trees (DT), Random Forest (RF) and ensemble models are found very popular among the researchers. strategies to enable the wellbeing to mind industry and the experts in the analysis of heart related sicknesses. This paper presents a review of different models dependent on such calculations and methods and analyze their exhibition.

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TABLE I. A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF VARIOUS ALGORITHMS IN LITERATURE REVIEW

YEAR	AUTHOR	PURPOSE	TECHNIQUES USED	ACCURACY
2016	Sonam Nikhar[2]	Prediction of Heart Disease Using Machine Learning Algorithms	1) Naïve Bayes Classifier 2) Decision tree	Decision tree has better accuracy as compared to naïve Bayes classifier.
2018	Aditi Gavhane[3]	Prediction of Heart Disease Using Machine Learning	1) Multi-layer perceptron algorithm	The MLP gives best Accuracy
2018	V.V. Ramalingam[8]	Heart disease prediction using machine learning techniques	1) Naïve Bayes 2) Support Vector Machine 3) K – Nearest Neighbour 4) Decision Tree 5) Random Forest 6) Ensemble Model	SVM has more accuracy than other techniques.
2019	Abhay Kishore[4]	Heart Attack Prediction Using Deep Learning	1) RNN	RNN accuracy 92%

2019	Senthilkumar Mohan [1]	Effective Heart Disease Prediction Using Hybrid Machine Learning	1) Decision tree 2) Language Model 3) Support Vector	HRFLM (88.4% Accuracy)
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		Techniques	Machine	
			4) Random Forest 5) Naïve Bayes 6) Neural Networks 7) KNN 8) HRFLM	
2019	A. Lakshmanarao[5]	Machine Learning Techniques For Heart Disease Prediction	1) Random Over sampling 2) Synthetic Minority Oversampling 3) Adaptive synthetic sampling approach	For random oversampling, SVM given the best accuracy of 82.30% . For Synthetic Minority Oversampling, Random Forest given the best accuracy of 91.3% For Adaptive synthetic sampling, Random Forest (90.3% Accuracy)

YEAR	AUTHOR	PURPOSE	TECHNIQUES USED	ACCURACY
2019	Mr. SanthanaKris hnan.J[6]	Prediction of Heart Disease Using Machine Learning Algorithms.	1) Naïve Bayes 2) Decision Tree	Decision Tree (91% Accuracy)
2019	AvinashG olande[7]	Heart Disease Prediction Using Effective Machine Learning Techniques	1) Decision Tree 2) KNN, 3) K-mean clustering 4) Adaboost	Decision tree (86.60 % Accuracy)



III. CONCLUSION AND FUTUREWORK

We have summarized different types of machine learning algorithms for prediction of heart disease. We elaborated various machine learning algorithms and worked towards finding the best algorithm by analysing their features. Every algorithm has given different result in different situations. Further it is analysed only marginal accuracy is achieved for predictive model of heart disease and hence more complex models are needed to increase the accuracy of predicting the early heart disease. In future we will propose methodology for early prediction of heart disease with high accuracy and minimum cost and complexity.

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